

Office of the New York State Comptroller

Thomas P. DiNapoli • State Comptroller



Property Tax Cap

Formula for Determining Tax Levy Limit: School Districts

Base Formula

$$\left(\left[\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Total taxes} \\ \text{levied for} \\ \text{prior} \\ \text{fiscal} \\ \text{year} \end{array} \right) + \begin{array}{l} \text{Prior year} \\ \text{reserve} \\ \text{offset} \end{array} - \begin{array}{l} \text{Reserve} \\ \text{amount} \\ \text{(including} \\ \text{interest} \\ \text{earned)} \end{array} \right] \times \begin{array}{l} \text{Tax base} \\ \text{growth} \\ \text{factor}^1 \end{array} \right) + \begin{array}{l} \text{PILOTs} \\ \text{receivable in the} \\ \text{prior fiscal year} \end{array} - \begin{array}{l} \text{Capital tax levy} \\ \text{exclusion, prior} \\ \text{fiscal year} \end{array} - \begin{array}{l} \text{Tort exclusion,} \\ \text{prior fiscal} \\ \text{year} \end{array} \\
 \times \begin{array}{l} \text{Allowable levy} \\ \text{growth factor} \\ \text{(1.00 to 1.02)}^2 \end{array} - \begin{array}{l} \text{PILOTs} \\ \text{receivable in} \\ \text{coming fiscal} \\ \text{year} \end{array} + \begin{array}{l} \text{Available} \\ \text{carryover, if} \\ \text{any} \end{array} = \text{Tax Levy Limit}$$

+ Exclusions

$$\text{Tax Levy Limit} + \begin{array}{l} \text{Tax levy necessary for} \\ \text{expenditures resulting} \\ \text{from court} \\ \text{orders/judgments} \\ \text{arising out of tort} \\ \text{actions for any amount} \\ \text{in excess of 5\% of the} \\ \text{total taxes levied in} \\ \text{the prior fiscal year} \end{array} + \text{Capital tax levy} + \begin{array}{l} \text{Tax levy necessary to pay} \\ \text{for increases to the system} \\ \text{average actuarial} \\ \text{contribution rate (ERS) or} \\ \text{normal contribution rate} \\ \text{(TRS) of pension funds over} \\ \text{2 percentage points} \end{array} = \text{Tax Levy Limit,} \\ \text{with Exclusions} \\ \text{(if applicable)}^3$$

¹ Tax base growth factor: Based on Tax and Finance determination of "quantity change," such as new construction, newly taxable status of existing property, or measurable improvements to taxable property within the boundaries of the local government or school district.

² Allowable levy growth factor: Lesser of 1.02 or inflation factor (percent change in CPI for the 12 month period ending 6 months before the start of the coming fiscal year over the prior 12-month period), but never lower than 1.00.

³ If school districts propose to exceed this, they must get 60% voter approval for an override.



Like us on Facebook at facebook.com/nyscomptroller
Follow us on Twitter @nyscomptroller